

Practice: 747 - Denitrifying Bioreactor**Scenario: #1 - Denitrifying Bioreactor****Scenario Description:**

Scenario describes a structure containing a carbon source installed to intercept subsurface drain (tile) flow or ground water, and reduce the concentration of nitrate-nitrogen. Woodchips serve as the carbon source necessary to the denitrification process. This bioreactor has geotextile fabric (or polyethylene - PE) between the wood chips and the surrounding soil plus the following components: woodchip filled pit, a soil cover, two water control structures (to allow management of the flow rate and free water elevation within the bioreactor), and piping to convey water to and from the bioreactor. Woodchips serve as the carbon source necessary to the denitrification process.

Associated practices: Subsurface Drain (606), Structure for Water Control (587), Drainage Water Management (554).

Resource concern: Water Quality Degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters.

Management and maintenance of the bioreactor (including chip replenishment), as well as monitoring and reporting to demonstrate the performance of the practice is not included in this scenario.

Before Situation:

Before the installation, the subsurface drainage system is contributing nitrates to a surface water source (ditch or stream), high nitrates are a resource concern to the receiving water, and it is feasible to install a bioreactor to reduce the nitrate load from drainage outflows.

After Situation:

Bioreactor has geotextile fabric (or polyethylene - PE) between the wood chips and the surrounding soil plus the following components: woodchip filled pit, a soil cover, two water control structures (to allow management of the flow rate and free water elevation within the bioreactor), and piping to convey water to and from the bioreactor. The approximate bioreactor excavated pit volume is 333 cubic yards (e.g. 6 feet deep, 15 feet wide and 100 feet long). Woodchips occupy the lower 4 feet of the pit (222 cu. yd.) and a soil blanket over the woodchips is 2.0 ft. and will be mounded above ground level to shed precipitation. A geotextile fabric (or PE material) surrounds the chips to prevent migration of soil into the pit. Water control structures should be installed using practice standard (587) Structure for Water Control. Two inline water control structures are in place. Upper WCS connected to the upper 6" diameter single-wall CPT manifold pipe (15' each, note that 6" HDPE dual wall is the only type available and used in the scenario components) by 6" diameter dual wall pipe (20" each). 20' of 6" dual wall pipe connects the downstream manifold to the lower WCS which is connected back to the main with additional 20' of 6" dual wall pipe. Flow rates are dependent upon the availability of drainage water from the 10" drainage mainline. 40" of mainline is replaced with non-perforated 10" above and below the upper WCS. The soil excavated from the pit is spoiled onto the nearby field. Associated practices: Subsurface Drain (606), Structure for Water Control (587), Drainage Water Management (554).

Scenario Feature Measure: Volume of Carbon Source

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard

Scenario Typical Size: 222

Scenario Cost: \$13,152.86

Scenario Cost/Unit: \$59.25

Cost Details (by category):

Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Geotextile, woven	42	Woven Geotextile Fabric. Includes materials, equipment and labor	Square Yard	\$2.28	807	\$1,839.96
Excavation, Common Earth, side cast, small equipment	48	Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic yard	\$2.15	333	\$715.95
Earthfill, Dumped and Spread	51	Earthfill, dumped and spread without compaction effort, includes equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$3.28	200	\$656.00
Aggregate, Wood Chips	1098	Includes materials, equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$21.62	222	\$4,799.64
Trenching, Earth, 24" x 60"	1460	Trenching, earth, 24" wide x 60" depth, includes equipment and labor for trenching and backfilling.	Foot	\$3.68	50	\$184.00
Labor						
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$20.32	16	\$325.12
Materials						
Pipe, HDPE, CPT, Double Wall, Soil Tight, 6"	1992	Pipe, Corrugated HDPE Double Wall, 6" diameter with soil tight joints - AASHTO M252. Material cost only.	Foot	\$2.45	90	\$220.50
Water Level Control Structure, Inline, 2 Baffle, 10" diameter	2021	Inline Inlet WCS 6' High x 10" Dia.connections , 2 baffle (3 compartments)	Each	\$1,915.78	1	\$1,915.78

Materials

Water Control Structure, Stoplog, Inline, fixed costs portion	2145	Fixed cost portion of Water Level Control Structure, Inline stoplog type. Typically made of PVC or fiberglass materials. Fixed cost portion. Materials only.	Each	\$309.67	1	\$309.67
Water Control Structure, Stoplog, Inline, variable cost portion	2146	Variable cost portion of a Water Level Control Structure, Inline stoplog type. Typically made of PVC or fiberglass materials. Calculate total variable costs by multiplying by the structure height x pipe diameter. Materials only.	Height x Diameter	\$11.96	60	\$717.60
Pipe, HDPE, CPT, Double Wall, Soil Tight, 10"	1243	Pipe, Corrugated HDPE Double Wall, 10" diameter with soil tight joints - AASHTO M252. Material cost only.	Foot	\$5.53	40	\$221.20

Mobilization

Mobilization, large equipment	1140	Equipment >150HP or typical weights greater than 30,000 pounds or loads requiring over width or over length permits.	Each	\$494.28	2	\$988.56
Mobilization, medium equipment	1139	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$258.88	1	\$258.88

Practice: 747 - Denitrifying Bioreactor**Scenario: #2 - Denitrifying Bioreactor, No Liner****Scenario Description:**

Scenario describes a structure containing a carbon source installed to intercept subsurface drain (tile) flow or ground water, and reduce the concentration of nitrate-nitrogen. Woodchips serve as the carbon source necessary to the denitrification process. This bioreactor has the following components: woodchip filled pit, a soil cover, two water control structures (to allow management of the flow rate and free water elevation within the bioreactor), and piping to convey water to and from the bioreactor. Woodchips serve as the carbon source necessary to the denitrification process.

Associated practices: Subsurface Drain (606), Structure for Water Control (587), Drainage Water Management (554).

Resource concern: Water Quality Degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters.

Management and maintenance of the bioreactor (including chip replenishment), as well as monitoring and reporting to demonstrate the performance of the practice is not included in this scenario.

Before Situation:

Before the installation, the subsurface drainage system is contributing nitrates to a surface water source (ditch or stream), high nitrates are a resource concern to the receiving water, and it is feasible to install a bioreactor to reduce the nitrate load from drainage outflows.

After Situation:

Bioreactor has the following components: woodchip filled pit, a soil cover, two water control structures (to allow management of the flow rate and free water elevation within the bioreactor), and piping to convey water to and from the bioreactor. The approximate bioreactor excavated pit volume is 333 cubic yards (e.g. 6 feet deep, 15 feet wide and 100 feet long). Woodchips occupy the lower 4 feet of the pit (222 cu. yd.) and a soil blanket over the woodchips is 2.0 ft. and will be mounded above ground level to shed precipitation. A geotextile fabric (or PE material) surrounds the chips to prevent migration of soil into the pit. Water control structures should be installed using practice standard (587) Structure for Water Control. Two inline water control structures are in place. Upper WCS connected to the upper 6" diameter single-wall CPT manifold pipe (15' each, note that 6" HDPE dual wall is the only type available and used in the scenario components) by 6" diameter dual wall pipe (20" each). 20' of 6" dual wall pipe connects the downstream manifold to the lower WCS which is connected back to the main with additional 20' of 6" dual wall pipe. Flow rates are dependent upon the availability of drainage water from the 10" drainage mainline. 40" of mainline is replaced with non-perforated 10" above and below the upper WCS. The soil excavated from the pit is spoiled onto the nearby field. Associated practices: Subsurface Drain (606), Structure for Water Control (587), Drainage Water Management (554).

Scenario Feature Measure: Volume of Carbon Source

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard

Scenario Typical Size: 222

Scenario Cost: \$11,312.90

Scenario Cost/Unit: \$50.96

Cost Details (by category):

Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Excavation, Common Earth, side cast, small equipment	48	Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic yard	\$2.15	333	\$715.95
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Materials						
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